



COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS

Course name

Data protection in communication systems [S2EiT1-ESPiO>OlwST]

Course

Field of study

Electronics and Telecommunications

Year/Semester

2/3

Area of study (specialization)

Programmable Electronic Systems and
Optotelecommunications

Profile of study

general academic

Level of study

second-cycle

Course offered in

Polish

Form of study

full-time

Requirements

elective

Number of hours

Lecture

30

Laboratory classes

0

Other

0

Tutorials

0

Projects/seminars

15

Number of credit points

4,00

Coordinators

prof. dr hab. inż. Mieczysław Jessa
mieczyslaw.jessa@put.poznan.pl

Lecturers

Prerequisites

Students know the principles, with necessary mathematical background, theory of communication necessary to understand, analyze and evaluate the operation of analogue and digital transmission systems. Is able to extract information from Polish or English language literature, databases and other sources.

Course objective

The presentation of data protection methods in communication systems.

Course-related learning outcomes

Knowledge:

1. He has knowledge on methods and systems used to ensure security of information sent in a communication system.

Skills:

1. Is able to apply and/or to design professional monitoring and security systems for different

networks or communication systems.

2. Knows limitations of his/her knowledge, understands the necessity of further self-studying.

Social competences:

1. Is aware of responsibility for designed systems (electronic and communication) and knows physical and social threats that can appear as the result of irresponsible usage of communication systems.

2. Is aware of the necessity to approach solving technical problems with responsibility and professionalism.

Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Learning outcomes are verified with a written exam. Exam consists of 5 open questions.

Answers are scored equally. Minimum number of scores to pass the exam is equal to 50%.

Questions are chosen individually and randomly from a set of questions prepared by the lecturer. The set of predefined subjects is sent to students by email.

Knowledge and skills gathered during the Project are assessed by written project and oral presentation of the results of this project. The final mark is the average of two marks. The assessment levels are the following: under 3 - mark 2.0, from 3 to 3.25 - mark 3.0; from 3.26 to 3.75 - mark 3.5; from 3.76 to 4.25 - mark 4.0; from 4.26 to 4.75 - mark 4.5; above 4.75 - mark 5.0.

Programme content

During the course students learn about basic methods of information protection. They are discussed the following subjects: vulnerability, threat, security incident, classification of threats, categories of threats, examples of threats in wired and wireless networks, in computer networks, possible relations during identification of threats, failures statistics, vulnerability analysis, protection analysis, standards concerning information security (de-jure and de-facto), international, regional and national, examples of information protection models (e.g. model Graham-Denning, BLP), definition of risk, risk assessment methods (deduction and induction methods, qualitative methods), methods of risk reduction, risk management according BS, ISO/IEC and NIST standards, Polish norm PN, security management methods according BS, ISO/IEC, NIST, and PN, three-level reference model, security policy document, the evaluation of information security, audit of security policy, implementation of security policy in a telecom operator.

The goal of the Project is to prepare and implement in software/hardware a chosen security component of a communication system. Student can choose a component suggested by the teacher or can propose his own component, after earlier acceptance of the teacher. Among existing propositions we have risk assessment of an exemplary event (e.g. the loss of PIN, password, a credit card, e-mail server failure etc.) with one of methods described during the lecture; an implementation a chosen method of authentication in an FPGA; hardware or software protection of confidentiality of emails exchanged in a public network; preparation of an exemplary policy document for a small company; preparation of an exemplary set of control points for local computer network audit.

Course topics

The course covers basic concepts such as vulnerability, threat, incident, threat classification, threat categories, examples of threats to wired telecommunications networks, wireless telecommunications networks, computer networks, cause-and-effect relationships in the threat identification process, statistics of failures, vulnerabilities, and security measures, conclusions from failure statistics and vulnerability and security analyses, information security standards and norms (official standards - de jure, regional, national, other, i.e., de facto), sample information protection models (Graham-Denning, Bell, Biba, etc.), the concept of risk, risk analysis and assessment methods (deductive, inductive, qualitative, quantitative), risk reduction, risk management methods according to BS, ISO/EIC, NIST, and PN standards, security management methods according to BS, ISO/EIC, NIST, and PN, three-level reference model, information security documents, information security status assessment, security policy audit, and

document implementation. "Security Policy" for Telecommunications Practice.

The project involves the development and software/hardware implementation of telecommunications system security elements proposed by the instructor or by students, after prior instructor approval. The proposed elements include: estimating the risk of a sample event (theft of an access card, credit card, password, PIN, mail server damage, etc.) using one of the methods discussed in the lecture; implementing an authentication and/or authorization method in an FPGA; implementing a software or hardware method for ensuring the confidentiality of email transmissions in a public network; developing a sample security policy document for a small company; and developing guidelines for a local computer network security audit based on the Polish Standards.

Teaching methods

Lecture: Multimedia presentation.

Tutorials: A combination of exercise and project method.

Bibliography

Basic

1. A. Białas, Bezpieczeństwo informacji i usług w nowoczesnej instytucji i firmie, WNT, Warszawa, 2007.

2. K. Liderman, Bezpieczeństwo informacyjne, nowe wyzwania, PWN, 2017.

Additional

1. J. Stokłosa, T. Bilski, T. Pankowski, Bezpieczeństwo danych w systemach informacyjnych, PWN, 2001.

2. K. Liderman, Analiza ryzyka i ochrona informacji w systemach komputerowych, PWN, Warszawa, 2008.

Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	100	4,00
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	58	2,00
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for laboratory classes/ tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project preparation)	42	2,00